

ANALYSIS OF THE ECONOMIC BACKWARDNESS OF INDIA IN THE RECENT TRENDS AND CHANGES: A SOCIO-POLITICAL PERSPECTIVE

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ABSTRACT

In today's contemporary society, India is trying to be strong in the global economy. India appears to be pursuing universal ideology and thinking in its social and economic system. But India has multiple ideological foundations in its internal system. We can point out diversification of economic and social structures and all activities through their politics. India's economic and social system also operates through a huge political strategy. Therefore, the economic activities of this political and social system are related to collective emotions. Therefore, these political groups are always adjusting hone the socio-economic organization of Indian society. Therefore, these political groups adjust and hone the socio-economic organization of Indian society. This paper seeks to address the underdevelopment of the Indian economic system as a cause and effect, India's independence to date, and its internal and structural perspective. And seek to address the realities of how socio-political factors of influenced India's economic backwardness. So far, India has been trying to use socio-economic and political knowledge in its economic development. But no ideological thinking stands in support of India's sustainable development. After independence from India, successive government have adopted various plans and programs that have not led to all aspects of economic development.

Key words: Backwardness, socio-economic and political causes, and hidden agenda.

Objectives of the study

- 1-Find the social and political causes and impact of economic backwardness.
- 2-Unraveling the factors that have contributed to India's slow economic growth.
- 3-examining how the latest trends are causing a country's backwardness.

Methodology: This research paper was written on secondary database, such as library work, magazines, periodicals, newspapers and google materials. With for a long time, this paper is almost all the primary draft which has to subsequently developed in to full pledged research paper.

Findings:

- 1- If political management institutions have a dualistic attitude; no country can make progress.
- 2-Governments, capitalists and organizations are misleading the mass consciousness of the country.
- 3-Socio- political aspects of major India's economic backwardness.

Introduction: - Backwardness is a lack of progress by a person or group to perceived cultural norms of advancement, such as for advancement traditional societies relative to modern scientific and technologically advanced industrialized societies. The state of having made less progress than is normal or expected. Since from the 1950's, India adopting huge number of planning and programs for economic development. All those developmental efforts of the government achieved partially in primary, secondary, tertiary and science and technology sectors. Despite, India spent 73 years' ether to from independent, remain achieve a lot of in all sectors.

Social structure explains our relations with each other in society. Indian social structure consists of Varna system. Caste is a system of stratification of power. Various castes are arranged in an integrated and interrelated manner through the process of reciprocity from the ancient period which is reflected by Jajmani system. This system continues to this day. The form of social structure has gained political power. After independence, defended the constitution for social equality

silence of the caste discrimination. Political and economic structures are the fruits of social structure. Caste attitude are therefore unwilling to give up their hold on power and wealth. Although there has been considerable development of political parties that came after independence, it does not have to be shared equally among all classes. Recently, dominant caste communities are prepared to pursue caste and religious attitudes. In addition, it is trying to sideways the constitution to bring about religious rule.

Why does India underdeveloped condition even today? What are the internal factors making backwardness? That is not what India has developed. India a few percentages of achieved in all three sectors, there is still plenty to be achieved. When you look at the Human Development Index, you can see how much India's development is. India's rank 129 out of 189 countries (2019). Neither left wing nor right wing which ever political parties are ruling, the influences of religion and caste stand out. Advance in science and technologies have not changed the perspectives. Upper male supremacist power, decision making, caste and casteismreligious blindness, caste segregation still exists today. Appointed the heads of the commission and any plans implemented and distributed will be on a caste basis. They are the hurdles to the economic development of the country.

The invisible obstacles to of India's economic backwardness its own changes in the dynamics of socio-political views. The null sustainable development of economic growth, to focus our attention on the progress of political leaders or ruling parties through theoretical means. They are working ideologically to ensure that the economy and structure and functions of society is hierarchical. Publics do not understand the administration of the far sightedmentality of politicians.

At present, India has adopted Amartya Sen welfare economics. General abilities include literacy, numeracy, information, communication technology, article and creative thinking, personal social skills, moral understanding, cross-culture understanding, and health and nutrition. The criteria for the Human Development Index are life expectancy, education standard of living per capita income and poverty line. Compared with the population and unemployment rate, the unemployment rate will increase year by year. Since from the 1950s, Congress government was progressive programs such as Community development program, Gharibi Hatao, Indira Awas, MGNREGA: - (legal guaranty for one hundred in every financial year to adult members of any rural household). Strengthened constitutional guarantees and legislative measures against the marginal sections and all sectors, even if this is not the expected development of government objectives. Since then, the stable ruling party government has also been very important for strengthening such plans. They are Gram Sadak Yojana, for rural development. Pradhan Mantri, Jeevan Jyothi, for insurance. Krishi sinchai Yojana for irrigation, Pradhan Mantri, Jan dhan Yojana, for financial inclusion. Rajiv Awas Yojna, for urban housing etc., all those drowned in the irresolution politics at the same time as demonetization, betrayal of farmers, weakening of institutions, targeted attacks on SC's, ST's and minority groups, mishandling of Kashmir, artificial of GDP numbers so, the government has failed to create jobs.

People in the chaos consciousness of duality mind of BJP government. At the same time, sluggish agricultural performance, un-implemented of land reforms, increased of unemployment and slow growing, rising food and service price, and lack of inclusive economic growth are also another reasons for logging behind. Today, we should the widening a gap a definite rift between upper class, middle class and working class. Mean, rich people becoming richest and poor people becoming poorest. In the other side, all political parties and organizations were planning to ideologically maintaining a caste hierarchical system and religion differences by watch dogs. Led to economic backwardness of the country. Politically, powerful groups are not in favor of economic growth. The new developmental process and technologies may enrich competing groups, increasing their threat to incumbents. These considerations make politically powerful groups fear losing power. Hence, political leaders' have holding on authority, natural resources and making more and more assets and liabilities in the recent trends in India. Politicians trying to politics cum capitalists, these tricky invisible ideas will be helping to control on power and authority, holds on national resources.

If we can see the GDP growth rate from 1961 to 2011 in India, we found to be below 5% GDP growth rate of four decades. Succeeding as India GDP growth rate. Historical data, Year GDP growth rate 1961 3.72, 1971 1.64, 1981 6.00, 1991 1.05, 2001 4.82, 2011 5.24. Analysis as per the statistics, the years of 1961 to 1971 and 1991 to 2001 is shows GDP growth rate except 2011. After the decades 2014 to 2017 well growth. GDP growth rates of 3.89% at current prices in

2019-20, India has recorded lowest nominal growth rate in 2011-12 series. If we can be lightening in the other reasons of economic backwardness, most economists have argued that India's backwardness is as follows.

1-Capital deficiency

2-Lack of entrepreneurial and managerial talent

3-Lack of skilled personnel and technical

4-Limited size of the market

5-Weak infrastructure: - lack an adequate and efficient means of transportation and communications.

6-social and institutional set up: - Social customs and attitudes of the people in backward countries are obstacles to economic development. Conservatism, superstitions, lack of ambition, caste system, peculiar laws of inheritance and other worldly attitude of the people.

7-Aline rule: - India may by Manuism rules.

8-Growing population: - The explosive rate of population whatever development takes place is swallowing up by the rising tide of population.

9-Preponderance of agriculture etc.

Stage I: 1950 to 1980

At the center, The Congress party held the first political power meeting in the center, which is full of hope for the development of India. In that period, 99% of the population were unskilled, with more number of dependent population was hurdles of economic development. India was not changing agricultural based careers or not changed agriculture as an industry. Recently, industrial and tertiary sector was developing but the whole system holds in private hands. That period country had British education policy as adopted higher to lower education system. neglected to primary education. Government not able to investment to the infrastructure development because of low percentage of revenue. It was not support to economic progress. India fell in continuous war with neighbor countries and internal riots. For example: India-Pakistan war on 1947, India-China war on 1962, India-China war on 1966 and India-Pakistan war on 1971 for independent of Bangladesh. All of these growth swallowed the national income. As well as spending more on the defense system. Therefor not possible to investment of productions it led to poverty was continuing. It interlinked to the nation faced the problem in the field of innovation and technology. Those were main socio-political causes of economic backwardness of the country in the first stage.

Stage II: 1980 to 2000

There was a crucial moment of the nation in second stage. Perhaps, political organization and society are changing their essence and behavior Political leaders and social organization were turning slowly toward scandal and moral less attitudes. So, scandal and corruption were rise in the country. Politicians had selfishly taken decision indiscriminating plans and contracts with foreign trade and industries. Foreign investors and MNCs are holds the country production system through adequate utilize of man power as just labor.

Other hand, it increases the dishonesty of the authorities. Bureaucrats and rich people concentrate their nature at wealth, money, and land. It led to corruption. Farther, Indian policy makers have neglected public sector investment in agriculture, particularly irrigation for quite a long period since 1980-81. Consequently, irrigation facilities whose availability ensures the adoption of a new high-yielding technology and leads to higher productivity, income and employment, are available in not more than 33 percent of cultivable land. As a result, many parts of the country remain semi-arid and rain-fed areas where agricultural productivity, income and employment cannot be sufficient to ensure significant reduction in poverty. The P.V. Narasimha Rao and Manmohan Singh government have adopted an open policy for foreign direct investment(FDI). The new economic policy LPG was in 1990-91. It led to widen the gap and made groups of society as, politicians high position authoritarians and capitalist in one groups. Middle class, working class and marginal farmers are another groups.

Stage III: 2000AD onwards

Thecriminal politicians are a mixture of lies and fraud in the social and political realm.

Mixed reasons in a socio-political sphere. Political parties began to play their role on the basis of mass psychological hatred politics. After the congress government has put in place development programs but it has not materialized. The dishonesty of politics is lie and fraud, although the tendency of politicians to lie is early, recently it can be that there is excess. According to the report of Association for Democratic Reforms, a total of 1580 members of parliament (MPs) and

Member of legislative Assemblies (MLAs) around 33% of the legislators in India's parliament and state assemblies, have criminal cases pending against them. While some of their charges are minor, over 20% of the new MPs face serious charges such as attempted murder, assaulting public officials, and theft. (Neeta Lal-December-19-2018 in "The Diplomat"). Day by day, fraud to involving and criminal activities is maximizing.

Disrespect for the profession over farming and failure of the government to regulate intermediaries.

According to 2011 agricultural census of India, an estimated 61.5% of the 1300 Indian population is rural on dependent on agriculture. Presently, Indian agriculture GDP is 15.4%. Disrespect for the profession over farming in this sector. About 30% of the farmers facing land disputes and their land deeds are not named after them. This has resulted in the farmers constantly wandering the court-office. The practice of placing farmers in the revenue departments continues. Farmers are getting the benefit of the intermediaries. The peasantry has caught up in political machinations have lost their organizational struggle. So, farmers lose their dignity of life. Privatization harmful effect on the farmers. Farmer suicide increasing in 2010 to 2015. The farmers to be entangling between government programs and intermediaries. Failure of the government to regulate of intermediaries. Mediators close to 70% of benefits grabbed from the farmers. So agriculture product was increase but downward of former income and rate of GDP.

Absurdity between Arts education and carriers

The absurdity between art education and carrier is the main reason behind the lag of well-educated young people. According to the World Bank report, rural population India is reporting at 65.97% in 2018. According to AISHE MHRD (All India Survey on Higher Education) The highest number of students (22.4 Lakh) has been graduating in Arts courses in 2015-16. Out of the total enrolment of students around 45.13% students are in the faculty of Arts. Succeeded of the science majors account for 20% and commerce major 18% and the remaining 16% enrolment in professional faculties. So, we will find low-quality teaching facilities in 80% of Art education. Hence, this prevents candidates for degree holders not able to get high level jobs. however, the fact is very strange. this year plans and infrastructure are requiring to be implementing 20 years later. Before a student's strength and trends were change. Inadequate of rural candidates has left them behind.

Changes in the ways young people earn their income

Presently, India has a large share of youth population in the world and will continue to hold so for the next 20 years. India accounted for 34.8% of the young population in 2011. India expected to have 34.33% share of youth in total population by 2020. These young people became ridiculous in the early of two-three decades. Youngsters found an easy way to earning. These young people could not proper socialization family and society. Devious aims and objectives that can influence on the adverse effect of earns. They have selected shorten path in earning methods. It is increase crime rate and impact on economic development. Involved to theft, fraud, attempt to murder, rape, cheating, rowdism etc. what are the easy way and methods they searched. According to Crime Bureau of India report, crime rate will be increasing since two decades compare to previous decades. Totally youngster's misdirection of their path.

The Government is losing control over public sectors

Economic liberalization began in 1991. This economic reforms have had an impact on agriculture and public sector industry. After adopted the policy of LPG, foreign investors started the investment in many sectors. Since 1991, the government of India has taken many policy measures of pulling the country of economic crisis and accelerating rate of economic growth. These results were impact on bureaucratization. Investors at first promised to the job opportunities and guaranty of job aspirants. After the years, capitalist greedy and commercial mind has slowly exhibited. They hold authority on all public properties. Company employers and farmers fell victim to the greed of the capitalist and loss their job and properties. These are the companies that the government has lost control of: BPCL (Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd.), SCI (Shipping Corporation of India), CONCOR (Container Corporation of India), THDC (Their Development Corporation of India), NEEPCO (North Eastern Power Corporation Ltd.) BSNL (Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd.) etc. More than 53, public sectors companies undertaking private sectors.

Industrial disputes, closures, retrenchment, and layoffs have led to the firing of thousands of employees every year across the public and private sectors of India. In the three previous years 2016, 2017 and 2018, the number of employees who firing from their job in the first ten months was 4200, 6449, and 3688 respectively, according to Labor Bureau Statistics. The statistics also show that on average, the lay off from a single public sector company is much higher than that from a single private sector. According to the Center for Monitoring Indian Economy (CMIE) unemployment rate among graduates is 17.2 percent while those among post graduate and above are 14.6 percent respectively.

Giving rise to religious practices

The Indian government applied ideology of socio-economist, natural scientist, and other relevant ideas for economic development, since from the beginning. At the same time support and applied to the religious superstitions, as political gimmicks. This dual political behavior consists on political psychology of mass. The BJP party supported RSS organization and Brahmin associations are misleading of youths and politics. They called always doing for 'Ygna', 'Homa' The Indian government applied ideology of socio-economist, natural scientist, and other relevant ideas for economic development, since from the beginning. AT the same time support and applied to the religious superstitions, as a political head. This double political behavior depends on public's political psychology. RSS organization Brahman association supported by the BJP party mislead youth and politics. They called always doing for 'Ygna', 'Homa' 'Havana' 'Vjapai Yaga', for social welfare and holds of authority, in the name of religion. The right thoughts religious based politics. It lacks respect for the Indian constitution. It can use the constitution as its advantage. Perform virtual activities to build religion loyalty and kingdoms. These are all invisible factors that lead to religious practices in the country. In the years, there have been more and more religious activities, car festivals and countless worship activities. Therefore, we can see that the temples is more developed than education institutions. Youth's knowingly or unknowingly involving on the fake name of God and hyper reality and loyalty. It is leading to be an unproductive activity, wastage of time and more expensive of life style. All these gain who has opposition in the hierarchical system in India. This brutal political agenda is maintaining and promoting to communal activities in society.

Ensuring that farmers and workers remain unorganized

India more number of unorganized sectors and population. Farmers, daily wage laborers, SC's and ST's caste groups and even 'D' Grade government employees also, this means that there are only organizations with names but their demands are not met. So, they becoming an unorganized sector. The government exactly knew those are unprivileged groups. All political ruled and ruling parties intentionally make disorganize used their power, for the get political and economic benefit. For example: vote banking, grabbed money in the name of poor etc. This criminal ideology of politicians led to socio-political and economic downward or statuesque of unorganized groups.

Lack of scientific application to the profession

All professions need scientific application, don't have so many sectors and institutions, logic and scientific applications. For example: Family, education, occupation, etc. This kind of unscientific functions and attitude were making an imbalance of development also, bringing several problems in all sections. Farmers don't have scientific farming approximate 80% percent. (don't soil test, ignore weather reports, unknown fertilizer utilizes, the use of water, don't know what will come diseases of crops even today) As well as in the education, (Teachers don't deep studies) family, (parent will not give objective socialization of children) several unorganized sectors don't apply scientific method in their occupation. Hence it will make failure compete in the production. Not opportunity to get training in employees in private and unorganized sectors. Somebodies have trained but not applied their profession.

Not all well educated women participate equally in careers

India has half the women population in the total number of population. According to 2011 census, there were 5.8 billion women population. 65% of women are literate as compared to 80% of men. India has amongst the lowest female labor force participation rates in the world. In terms of proportion, 68.4% of the worker are males and 31.6% females. Most women educating but not tend to go to work. Most women have grown up living on men's income. If they went to work, only choose a soft job. The leading occupation of employed women, secretaries and administrative assistants, registered nurses, elementary and middle school teachers, cashiers, retail sales persons, first line supervisors, etc. Many men who hire men do not agree to send jobs to their wives. Not all well educated women participate equally in careers.

The wealth of the public is concentrating in temples

Half of the country's wealth is concentrated in the top 12 temples in India. As if Ananta padmanabha Swamy temple Kerala, Tirupati Venkateswara Andhra Pradesh, Siddhivinayak temple Mumbai, Shiridi saibaba temple, Golden temple Amritsar, Meenakshi temple Madurai, Somanath temple Gujarat, sabarimala Ayyappa temple Kerala, Jagannata temple Puri, Swami Narayan Akshardham Delhi, Vaishnodevi temple Jammu, Kashi Vishwanat temple Varanasi. Tirupati Venkateswara temple is top one, highest annual revenue receives. Above temples annually 1,18,311 (One lakh eighty thousand three hundred and eleven rupees) revenue receives. It equal to a year budget of the country of only twelve temples. We would think other lakh together temples revenue? How much taxes collected government every year from

peoples? So, why don't develop the country hitherto? If any government just talk about nationalize the property of temples, the Brahmin organizations are rise the voice against the government. Government or trustees could not ready to exhibited account, property of temple in front of public. Unnecessary stock gold and property will not use of national development. Acknowledge of this treasure behind dominant Brahmins association. Dead national resource since from thousands of years. It is utilizing only who holds priests of temple in the country. Department of Muzari (Revenue) is just name sake to managing of the temples.

Systematically plundering public funds

Politicians, contractors are plundering taxes. The different kind of funds released for development in the different head of accounts. It will have distributed all departments as per development priorities. Politicians loot doing poor work or incomplete work or not work by the contractors of more constructions. It may be observed an educated area or poor common people area they can do. Numbers of infrastructure development and constructions was not done, bill is sanction and uncashed in rural India. Particular percentage will be sharing to politicians by development works. For example: road construction, agriculture development, rural area improvement, building constructions, contract and communications, goods and services delivery and so forth. Well known mutual understanding between Politicians, bureaucrats and contractors, how to pick the money in the name of development.

Violation the constitution and starting religious politics

The violation of constitution and activities began from the independence of India. Recently, more constitutional violation by the BJP government. It will lead to intolerance, create inequality, and continuous struggle between caste, religion, youths, marginal groups and upper classes. Then, that country has fallen in the vicious circle. The government appointed to IAS cadre of private company CEO's as central secretary posts, without IAS recruitment criteria. To give 10% reservation of Brahmin caste groups. They have only 3 percent in the total population of the country. We have observed 90 percent Brahmin candidates of the state Governors. The BJP government directly or indirectly supported to the public lynching of SC's and ST's and minority sections. Estranged BJP leader Yashwant Sinha lamented at the decimation of Constitutional institutions like the Supreme Court, national investigative agency CBI, RBI, and Election Commission among others under the Modi regime. The Citizenship Amendment Act 2019 has undoubtedly driven a deep chasm into the heart of not only the Indian polity and the society at large. Although the challenge to the constitutional validity of the amendment is already before the Supreme Court, the popular sentiment against it has spilled over into the streets. Even so, keeping the biases and opinions aside, it is highly unlikely that the Supreme Court will strike down the amendment as being violated of the Constitution of India. And other of the constitution will adverse effects on economic development. Ultimately, the government setting the society for religious base ruling and control, through using the benefits of constitutional laws. This kind of invisible cheating and violence mind set and systematic ideological functions were push to trench of the economic condition.

Politicians and capitalists cunning minds

The greed and eager minded politicians and capitalists' always want to retain property, power, and service and slavery. Hence, today we have found politicians cum capitalists in India. Political and Skepticism in Antebellum American Literature: coldness preserves life, then, and warmth destroys it. As in the "Christmas Banquet" coldness names a lack of passionate or earnest desire. As a warm secrete cause, love recollects the "deep warm secrete" that Gervayse Hastings seeks they might be capable of, potentially permanent state. The desire for permanent existence. Or septimius. As well as sleazy capitalists are always the more profitability economic development is deflating.

Lack of willpower in people

Indian civilian's, lack the will power in the mindset constructed had on traditional mythology. So, it's not support to the strong willingness of how they work. People wanted to need always key supporters. Because of this development contradiction will bring economic difficulties. Mutual people, failure to make a continuous effort for any task force. Conduct activities that have not specific objectives. They fail to focus their mind on their work. This lack of willpower leads to economic underdevelopment.

Conclusion

"The worst illiterate is the political illiterate, he doesn't hear, doesn't speak, nor participate in the political events. He doesn't know the cost of life, the price of the bean, of the fish, of the flour, of the rent, of the shoes and of the medicine, all depends on political decisions. The political illiterate is so stupid that he is proud and swells his chest saying that he hates

politics. The imbecile doesn't know that from his political ignorance is born the prostitute, the abandoned child, and the worst thieves of all, the bad politician, corrupted and flunky of the national and multinational companies" (Bertolt Brecht). Today, everything will exercise by political power. Whom had that power, that they have power of changing around. In that groups or leaders when violate the moral path, society will also go behind them. Today that kind of circumstance's, facing of India. Political leaders or ruling government always have a choice to drive of their own ideology of society. Today mistaken modernity of life by the politics and mass media, they are the real accelerator and mentor of youths. The inner and outer kind of dualistic attitudes of politicians and capitalist's made economic depression. Which organizations uplift the society, they are misleading of youths by socio-religion factors. As per the experts no future of India, bad politics social evils and unscientific life style of people hurdles to sustainable socio-economic development. If we reduce the backward of Indian economic conditions, rulers and capitalists must have been fallow through promptness, corrupt less and humanity of the constitution of India.

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